

From: Tara Stock [mailto:Tstock@fppc.ca.gov]
Sent: Thursday, October 11, 2007 9:57 AM
To: Parton, Maureen
Subject: Advice Letter

Maureen,

I believe the attached letter will answer your question regarding running for city council while employed by the county. If you have additional questions, please call 1-866-275-3772 between 9:00 a.m. & 11:30 a.m. or 1:30 p.m. - 4:00 p.m., and any of the consultants answering phones will be able to assist you.

Thank you,

Tara L. Stock
Political Reform Consultant
Technical Assistance Division
Fair Political Practices Commission
(866) 275-3772

August 4, 1995

Karin MacMillan
2845 Howe Ct.
Fairfield, CA 94533

Your Request for Informal Assistance
Our File No. I-95-231

Dear Ms. MacMillan:

This is in response to your letter requesting advice regarding your responsibilities under the conflict-of-interest provisions of the Political Reform Act (the "Act"). Since your advice request does not refer to a specific governmental decision, but instead seeks general guidance, we are treating your request as one for informal assistance.

QUESTION

Do you have a conflict of interest based on your position as an administrative assistant to a member of the Solano County Board of Supervisors and your current status as a candidate for the Fairfield City Council?

CONCLUSION

Neither your salary from nor employment with the Solano County Board of Supervisors will create an economic interest in the County which could result in a conflict of interest under the Act.

FACTS

You stated that you are an employee of the Solano County Board of Supervisors. You are also a declared candidate for the upcoming city council election to be held in November 1995 in the City of Fairfield. Fairfield is located in Solano County.

DISCUSSION

The discussion below would be applicable if you are a successful candidate in the November 1995 election.

Conflicts of Interest

The Act does not prohibit a public official from holding multiple public positions, either within a single agency or different agencies. However, the

conflict-of-interest provisions of the Act (Section 87100 et seq., discussed below) do prohibit a public official from participating in a decision that will have a financial effect on his or her economic interests. However, this prohibition is applied on a decision-by-decision basis.

Section 87100 prohibits any public official from making, participating in making, or otherwise using his or her official position to influence a governmental decision in which the official has a financial interest.

Section 87103 specifies that a public official has a financial interest if it is reasonably foreseeable that the decision will have a material financial effect, distinguishable from the effect on the public generally, on the official or a member of his or her immediate family or on:

(a) Any business entity in which the public official has a direct or indirect investment worth one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more.

(c) Any source of income, other than gifts and other than loans by a commercial lending institution in the regular course of business on terms available to the public without regard to official status, aggregating two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) or more in value provided to, received by or promised to the public official within 12 months prior to the time when the decision is made.

(d) Any business entity in which the public official is a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or holds any position of management.

Section 87103(a), (c) and (d).

For example, your employment with a business entity would result in the business entity becoming an economic interest of yours. However, Section 82005 defines "business entity" as an organization or enterprise operated for profit, including but not limited to a proprietorship, partnership, firm, business trust, joint venture, syndicate, corporation or association. Since a local government agency is not an organization or enterprise operated for profit, it is, therefore not a "business entity" as defined by the Act. Thus, your employment with the County of Solano will not result in the County of Solano becoming an economic interest of yours. (Section 87103(d); Section 82005; Darcy Advice Letter, No. I-87-296.)

However, entities also become economic interests of an official if they are sources of income to the official. For example, if you received income from a person or business entity, the source of the income would be an economic interest of yours. (Section 87103(c).) Salary and reimbursement for expenses or per diem received from a state, local or federal government agency, however, is not regarded as income for purposes of the Act. (Section 82030(b)(2).) The County of Solano is a local governmental agency (Section 82041.) Therefore, assuming you are a salaried employee of the County, you would not have an economic interest in the County by virtue of that income.

Absent some other disqualifying financial interest as set forth in Section 87103, or some direct financial effect on you personally resulting from a governmental decision, you will not have conflicts of interest due to your position with the County. (Regulation 18702.1(a)(4); Sampson Advice Letter, No. I-89-196.) However, please note, as stated above, our advice is limited to the Political Reform Act.

Incompatible Offices

Please note that other laws do restrict the ability of public officials to hold two different public offices simultaneously if the offices are determined to be "incompatible offices." It would be advisable to contact the Attorney General's Office with respect to the doctrine of "incompatible offices" and other provisions of law that might apply to your facts.

If you have any further questions regarding this matter, please feel free to contact me at (916) 322-5901.

Sincerely,

Steven G. Churchwell

General Counsel

By: Lynda Doherty
Political Reform Consultant
Legal Division